

ALWAYS PROGRESSIVE  
DISTINCTIVE IN SERVICE

# The Dallas Express

A CHAMPION OF JUSTICE  
A MESSENGER OF HOPE

Founded by W. E. King  
VOL. XXVIII, NO. 25.

The Republican Party Is The Ship, All Else Is The Sea.—Fred Douglas.  
THE DALLAS EXPRESS, DALLAS, TEXAS, SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1921.

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## GARVEY MEETINGS LEADING IN SPITE OF SEVERE CRITICISMS

### NATIONAL NEGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE INSISTES NEW AND CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAM.

**Program if Followed  
and Supported Will  
Promote Bigger and  
Better Business Pro-  
jects and Guarantee the  
Necessary Publicity.**

The National Negro Business League which was organized in 1900 for the purpose of promoting the commercial and financial development of the Negro, announces certain definite propositions which it hopes to institute in its endeavor to function in a more practical way than ever before.

The President and the Secretary have submitted certain definite propositions to Negro business men and women. The outstanding features of these programs are:

1. To encourage Colored people to go into business.
2. To help Colored people in business to greater success.
3. To promote co-operative buying wherever practicable.
4. To create greater efficiency among Colored employees.
5. To increase patronage of Colored business men and women.
6. Annual meetings are held each year in a different locality for the purpose of exchanging ideas and formulating new plans in the interest of the organization.
7. More specific statement of what the National Negro League proposes is given below:
8. To keep the white Negro press fully and correctly informed as to all worthy racial achievements.
9. To supply to growing communities, and to Negro Business enterprises such professional and mechanical labor as may be needed.
10. To better the conditions of skilled and unskilled labor.
11. To supply to growing communities, and to Negro Business enterprises such professional and mechanical labor as may be needed.
12. To compile a catalogue of Negro Business Organizations including individual, partnership, and corporation enterprises which shall enable the Negro public to distinguish between legitimate and illegitimate schemes.
13. To learn of new and successful methods of managing and building up various kinds of business, and to publish for the benefit of the race at large material gained in this connection.
14. To disseminate information and suggestions through the National Negro League and Community at large to support its own newspaper.
15. To employ intelligent field agents who may study the conditions throughout the country and keep the National Negro League and Community accurately informed as to the social, economic, and industrial conditions throughout the country.

### GEORGE BERNARD SHAW DENOUNCES LYNCHING.

New York, March 24.—George Bernard Shaw, the noted British publicist, has started the natives by some very original observations concerning the American institution of lynching. In the course of a communication to the N. A. A. C. P., Mr. Shaw discourses as follows: "Hardly any American seems to understand that in a civilized country it is murder to kill any person except by process of law. It seems to be a fact that whoever disapproves of the conduct of a Negro is entitled to have his head bashed in by a mob. It is a hunting meet. As the countrywide appears to come, and to enjoy itself, Europe is not far behind. Asce is produced by climate, not by race."

### TEXAS HEALTH ASSOCIATION WILL ASSIST IN MAKING HEALTH WEEK A SUCCESS.

(By A. N. P.)  
Tuskegee Institute, Ala., March 24.—For the last twenty-five years, Negro physicians all over the country have been clamoring for the opportunity to do Post Graduate work. Due to the lack of proper facilities of their own, this has been practically impossible for the majority. Dr. John A. Kennedy, Director of the John A. Kennedy Memorial Hospital, Tuskegee Institute, Ala., realized the need of such a course, and playing the foundation for the first Post Graduate Course for Negro physicians in the South, which is the second in the United States, the other being at Howard University, Washington, D. C.  
The course begins April 4th, 1921 and continues for four consecutive weeks. During this time there will also be held the annual meeting of the John A. Kennedy Medical Society, beginning April 11th and ending on the 13th. The Alabama State Medical Association will be in session on April 13 to 14. These events in connection with the Post Graduate Course will bring together a body of men from all parts of the South who are interested in the progressive side of medicine and surgery.  
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### SHORTER COLLEGE RECEIVES GIFT OF \$5,000.00 FROM EXTENSION OF WORK.

Repairs totaling \$10,000 Have  
Already Been Begun on Tyree Hall.  
Little Rock Chamber of Commerce  
to Help in its Completion.

(By J. A. Bailey, Head of Commercial Dept.)

North Little Rock, Arkansas, March 24.—On July 5th, 1920, Dr. S. L. Greene asked permission of the Executive Board of Shorter College to enter negotiations with the General Education Board of New York to assist the college in its extension of work. The same day granted permission. The specifications were drawn by the Board, and the General Education Board agreed to a total cost of \$10,000. The application was filed by the president with the General Education Board January 8th, 1921, and at a regular meeting of the board a donation of \$5,000 was made.

The happy feature about this whole matter locally was that when the president of the school handed the letter to the General Education Board, the Editor of the Arkansas Gazette, the metropolitan newspaper of the state, the first thing he did was to write a column in the paper about the gift of \$5,000 to the Little Rock Chamber of Commerce to help in its completion.

After reporting the same to members of the Executive Board and their approval and helpful co-operation, the above negotiations were entered into, and arrangements for an interview with the Chamber of Commerce including the following Hon. Fred Haskel, Editor, Arkansas Gazette, and Judge W. B. Smith, Mr. W. E. Leno, president, Peoples Savings Bank, Mr. Roy Thompson, president, Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. F. H. Ferham, manager of the bank.

President Greene also supported by the very efficient Executive Board including Dr. L. M. Townsend, Dr. G. H. Evans, and Dr. J. A. Bailey, S. Overall, J. D. Dennis and J. W. Thompson made good of this opportunity to present the case of the college to the Chamber of Commerce, and as a result we received the unanimous approval of the Board and assurance that the required gift would be raised and awarded to our school.

So cheering was the news of this gift of \$5,000 from the General Education Board and the assuring conditions throughout the country.

### KENTUCKY MAN LYNCHED.

(By A. N. P.)  
Versailles, Ky., March 24.—Richard James, a Negro charged with the murder of Sen. T. Rogers and Homer Newkirk at Midway on the 8th of October, was taken from the county jail and lynched by a mob on the 24th. James had been apprehended for the lynching.

### NEGRO PHYSICIAN APPOINTED AS CITY VACCINE PHYSICIAN.

Wilmington, Del., March 24.—Dr. Henry Clay Stevens has been appointed one of the city's vaccine physicians. Dr. Stevens is a native of this city and received this signal honor in the state of Delaware. His appointment was procured through the efforts of the Colored Councilman, Dr. John O. Hopkins. The Colored people of the city are much pleased over the appointment.

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### Branch With Many Members Organized in Louisville in Spite of Protests of Heads of Churches. Will Hold Regular Weekly Meetings. Spectacular Methods of Jamaican Are Attracting Many Who Rush to Invest in His Projects.

Louisville, Ky., March 24.—A branch of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, which claims 4,000,000 adherents who propose to "claim Africa as their native land and to establish a United States of Africa with Marcus Garvey as president," has been organized in Louisville, and beginning Sunday will hold weekly meetings at the Church of the Living God, 1121 West Walnut street, every Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The movement announced yesterday. The new organization is a branch of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, which was organized in New York City by the Rev. A. W. Thompson, pastor of the Church of the Living God, and Edward Watson, secretary.

The Rev. A. W. Thompson, of New York, organizer for Garvey, left last night saying he expected to return to Louisville about the 1st of April, and establish two more local branches. We are having great success here and the movement is rapidly gaining headway all over the United States among its 15,000,000 Negro inhabitants," he said. The organization has been in the city for nearly a month, it was said, and has just appointed local representatives. The purpose of the meeting Sunday, according to the Rev. Mr. Thompson, is "to hear the many speakers from different parts of the country and ask them to take stock in the Black Star Line, a steamship company incorporated by Garvey for \$10,000,000."

According to I. William Cole, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, Garvey is one of the most spectacular members of his race in history and taking the Negro world by storm. Garvey was in Louisville during 1916, he said, during which time he was preparing for his organization which is now said to spread through the West Indies, United States, Canada and Mexico. The Negro world, he said, was gotten out here at the Leader office. Garvey will not come to Louisville at this time, however, his friends said last night.

### NORFOLK WILL TEACH HEALTH TO NEGROES. APPROPRI- ATES \$5,000.

Norfolk, Va., March 24.—The city of Norfolk will spend \$5,000 this year in a campaign for teaching health to Negro residents of the city. The money, according to plans outlined by the city manager, will be spent in community service, but not in the sort of community service the city has attempted in the past.

The prime purpose of the campaign will be to show the Negroes that they can improve their health conditions and cut down the death rate among members of their organization which has been the city's aim.

A letter directed to the council by Dr. Schenck, through the city manager, shows that the death rate among Negroes has been considerably higher than among the whites. The Negro death rate was twenty per thousand per annum among the Negroes last year as against 8.5 among the whites.

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to Louisville at this time, however, his friends said last night. Marcus Garvey, known as "The Negro Moses," and a native of Jamaica is said to have come to the United States just after this country entered the World War, though according to Willis Cole he made a visit to Louisville some months previous. He sprang into national prominence last August when 3,000 delegates from branch organizations in various states met for thirty days in New York and planned a stupendous program for making Africa the home of the Negro people of the world, establishing steamship lines, commercial ventures and other features of an international Negro organization.

Most of the Negro organizations, newspapers and churches laughed at "Garveyism" as a great joke, despite claims of millions of adherents. The convention elected him president of the Universal Negro Improvement Association and African Communities League of the World. He is believed to have purchased a ship, the Republic of Liberia, whose President headed a delegation to this country about the time the purpose of obtaining a loan from the United States.

Following the convention Garvey organized and was made president of the Black Star Line, capitalized at \$10,000,000. He is believed to have stock, and claims to have sold enough to buy three additional ships to those now sailing between New York and the West Indies; the Antonio Maceo, of 1,100 tons, formerly the private yacht of R. H. Rodgers, and a lighter vessel, the Shadyale, used by the African republicans and plagues of the Antonio Maceo will soon be put

### SIDE LIGHTS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITOL

The Liberator Commission, headed by President King, occupies a splendid suite of rooms in the Arlington hotel. One of the commissioners has recently dining at the Whitelaw with one of the representatives of the Garvey movement.

"Do you call your President, 'Your Excellency'?" inquired the M. G. man. "No," replied the dignified, stately Liberator, "I call him 'Mr. President'."

The Honorable Phil H. Brown, who has been the chief functionary of public relations for the Republican National Committee for the past sixteen years, has been visiting the Liberator. He has every assurance that the answer is "Yes" to the patronage query.

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### INTER-MARRIAGE BILL DEFEATED IN WASHINGTON.

Seattle, Washington, March 24.—A bill providing against the intermarriage between blacks and whites has been defeated in the State Legislature. Through the efforts of the local branch of the N. A. A. C. P., the measure was indefinitely tabled.

### INTER-MARRIAGE BILL DEFEATED IN WASHINGTON.

(By A. N. P.)  
Washington, March 24.—From good sources it is reported that the party loyalty are going to be the chief Okeh passing marks. Those who hold office in the party must be regarded as genuine representatives of the group.  
The political woods are filled with the faithful looking for the stones upon which they might grind their heels. Of course, there has not been a man appointed, or proposed for appointment, for any of the offices. Hughes down to Col. George Harvey, on the one hand, who has not been hampered on all sides.  
Now, on our side of the minority, there is being everything said about everybody who has been even suggested as a possible personage for Federal favors. It is a sickening lot

in commission for regular sailings between New York and Monrovia, the capital of Liberia, according to Garvey's lieutenant here, local heads of organizations said yesterday that while Garvey may really have a very large following, many of his claims are absurd. "He claims to have 15,000 Negro Baptists adherents in Kentucky," said one Negro preacher, "but it is probable that he figures we are behind him whenever we do not fight him, as in the case of our church, which listened to his organizer respectfully, but is very far from being with him in his movement to interest Negroes in Africa or any other country except their own United States."

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People which has a state organization with headquarters in Louisville, and the great university at Tuskegee are said to oppose him as well as the great Negro churches. To meet this opposition, Garvey has established "The United States of Africa," a newspaper devoted solely to his own race and the ideal of carrying out the United States of Africa, editorials in race papers published in Chicago and elsewhere are said to be high in their praise of Garvey, who, one biographer claims, "will rank in history alongside Nador, Alarik, Attila, Genghis Khan, Cromwell, Napoleon, Bismark and Washington."

Garvey, in addition to his other honors as head of the African republic, owner of steamships and the editor of a paper, is also president of the Negro Factories Corporation and claims that his tremendous membership is paid up in cash. According to the Negro Factories Corporation, he claims that there is a total Negro population in the world of 400,000,000 and that under his leadership he could become master of the world, though he is not seeking such domination, but only "a place in the sun" for the Negro race.

### LIBERIAN COMMISSION MAY NOT RECEIVE AID FROM UNITED STATES.

(By A. N. P.)  
Washington, D. C., March 24.—There are signs abroad that the Liberian Mission in Liberia is in danger of being cut off in its quest for a loan from the United States. The local press is, apparently, lined up against the mission, and to anybody, it will be remembered that the mission is in the hands of the government in its direction of the severe drubbing at the hands of the United States.

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### CITIZENS OF EASTERN CITY WOULD GET AHEAD DAY TO THE MEMORY OF FRED DOUGLAS.

**DR. J. H. DILLARD DISCUSSES  
NEEDS OF NEGRO SCHOOLS  
BEFORE NATIONAL EDUCATORS  
Presents Full Report of the Work  
Done in Improving Southern Rural  
Schools for Negroes. Tax Funds  
Have Helped but Little.**

Atlantic City, March 24.—"We have all been out of slavery only a little more than fifty years, and fifty years can be counted but a brief span in the history of the four march of civilization," declared Dr. James Hardy Dillard, president of the Slater and Jeanes Funds and member of the General Education Board, in his address before the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, which was held in Atlantic City, March 24th.

Dr. Dillard stated frankly that in the neighborhoods where the colored people have been able to buy land, the general conditions of living are much better than in the "colored" areas. "The colored people," he said, "now own two million acres of land and property valued at \$100,000,000. They have a quarter of a billion dollars in property."

### HELPING "BACKGROUND" SCHOOLS.

"It is the school that must teach and encourage the poor folk to cultivate a garden, to cook the stuff, to keep the house clean, to trim the kerosene lamps, and to mend windows and clothes. The country schools have the job, and the country schools are the children, but of helping the present generation through night schools, vocational schools, and various improvement leagues."

"It is the purpose of the Jeanes Fund to assist the country teachers in all work of this kind. The superintendent, from Flak or Hampton, makes a list of the good schools, and the country schools are the children, but of helping the present generation through night schools, vocational schools, and various improvement leagues."

"Eight years ago only \$250 was spent for this work out of the party funds. In the present session the counties are paying \$120,871, which is more by \$118,371 than is coming from the outside. The workers whose salaries were paid in part through the party funds, are now being paid by the counties for various kinds of school improvement \$155,462."

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Washington, March 24.—"If the Negro people of America have a national day of their own, as do many other great races of people, and since as a race we are intelligent, honest, thrifty and patriotic, and believe in justice and right for all mankind. Therefore we are in favor of having the Executive Committee of the Monroe County Republican Council, do hereby set apart the 28th day of February, 1921, as a holiday, so far as in our power, for the purpose of commemorating the twenty-second anniversary of the unveiling of the Douglass monument at Rochester, the day to be known as the Frederick Douglass Day."

### The Movement Gains Strength Probably Due to Purchase of Home by Negro Women's Clubs. Would be Nation-Wide and Helped by Pastors.

Rochester, N. Y., March 24.—The Colored people of Rochester believe that a day should be selected for colored people throughout the nation to celebrate and at a meeting of the Monroe County Republican Council, a resolution was adopted setting apart June 9th, 1921, as a holiday for the purpose of commemorating the twenty-second anniversary of the unveiling of the Douglass monument at Rochester. This day will be known as "Frederick Douglass Day."

On that day a parade and other entertainments will be held. On the preceding June 9th, which is June 9th, special sermons will be preached in all the colored churches by the following ministers: Rev. W. Campbell, of Trinity Presbyterian Church; Rev. A. J. Gordon, of Zion Church; Rev. James E. Rose, of Mount Olive Church; Rev. A. M. Kearney, of the Monroe County Colored People's Association; Rev. J. W. Thompson, first vice-president; Frank Marshall, second vice-president; Mrs. E. B. Buren, secretary; George W. Durham, assistant secretary; Henry L. Smith, organizer; Miss Susan M. Halliwell, treasurer; William H. Stockett, sergeant-at-arms; Charles Majette.

### RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

Whereas, neither the Colored people of the state of New York nor of the United States of America have a national day of their own, as do many other great races of people, and since as a race we are intelligent, honest, thrifty and patriotic, and believe in justice and right for all mankind. Therefore we are in favor of having the Executive Committee of the Monroe County Republican Council, do hereby set apart the 28th day of February, 1921, as a holiday, so far as in our power, for the purpose of commemorating the twenty-second anniversary of the unveiling of the Douglass monument at Rochester, the day to be known as the Frederick Douglass Day."

### PREDICTS LONG ASSOCIATION OF RACES IN AMERICA.

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